The overarching content goal of the Atlas of Yellowstone is to give readers an enriched understanding of and appreciation for Yellowstone’s natural and cultural landscapes. In order to accomplish this overarching goal, content within the Atlas of Yellowstone will focus on four interconnected themes.

**Yellowstone is extraordinary.** In the context of the Atlas of Yellowstone, this “sense of place” theme will emphasize how Yellowstone is extraordinary relative to other places. Maps, text and tables related to bison, for example, will identify the critical role of Yellowstone National Park in preserving this species and its genetic integrity.

**Yellowstone is connected.** Yellowstone does not exist in isolation. Story lines built around the “connections” theme will demonstrate the complex interactions of organisms and habitats within and outside Yellowstone. A range of topics such as wildlife migration, seismic activity, and the local economy will demonstrate how Yellowstone is situated in a broader spatial and environmental context.

**Yellowstone is temporally dynamic.** The environment of Yellowstone is constantly changing over a wide span of time scales ranging from geologic time to the almost instantaneous. For example, the “Fire History” and “1988 Fires” topic pages document changes in fire frequency and controls over long periods (from 12,000 years) to monthly and daily for the dramatic 1988 fire season. The maps and graph displayed here in “Visual Fields” are excerpts from the two “Fire” topic pages.

**Humans are part of Yellowstone landscapes.** Humans have interacted with Yellowstone and the surrounding region since prehistoric times. The “human imprint” theme will demonstrate the complex interplay of the human and natural processes in and around the region and will illustrate how human actions have altered these landscapes.

This Atlas of Yellowstone represents a collaboration among the University of Oregon, Yellowstone National Park, and the Greater Yellowstone Alliance (GYA). Topics such as wolf ecology and fire history will be depicted in thematic page pairs that provide maps, graphics, tables and text specific to the topic. Reference maps will depict topography, and other key natural and human features. The Atlas of Yellowstone will contain approximately 300 pages that describe and explain the human and natural setting of Yellowstone National Park and the GYA. Topics such as wildlife migration, seismic activity, and the local economy will demonstrate how Yellowstone is situated in a broader spatial and environmental context.